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1 Foreword

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1.1 This report comprises Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole Minerals and Waste Monitoring for 2016.

1.2 The content will provide information regarding minerals and waste developments in this reporting period, for the administrative areas of Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole. The information will be used to demonstrate the effectiveness of the policies contained in the three documents on which minerals and waste planning decisions were based in the reporting year 2016: the Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole Minerals Strategy 2014, the saved policies contained in the Minerals & Waste Local Plan 1999, and the Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole Waste Plan 2006.

1.3 All the waste applications determined in this reporting period were assessed against the Waste Plan 2006.

1.4 This Monitoring Report outlines performance in the minerals and waste planning function for the calendar year 2016 (January to December 2016).

Executive Summary

Executive Summary

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- 1 This Minerals & Waste Monitoring Report has been prepared in accordance with section 34 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012.⁽¹⁾
- 2 The Minerals & Waste Monitoring Report reviews the effectiveness of the adopted policies contained in three documents: the Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole Minerals Strategy 2014 (the adopted Minerals Strategy); the Waste Plan 2006; and the saved policies of the Minerals & Waste Local Plan 1999 (the M&W Local Plan), using certain monitoring indicators.
- 3 The reporting period covers the 2016 calendar year.
- 4 Some key points for the calendar year 2016:

- The production of primary aggregates (sand and gravel) in 2016 Dorset was 1.38 million tonnes (mt) - this represents an decrease of 8% from 2015 where production was 1.5 million tonnes (mt)
- The production of crushed rock in 2016 in Dorset was 197,000 tonnes - this represents an decrease of 21% from 2015 (239,000 tonnes).
- The 'landbank' of sand and gravel reserves in Dorset, Bournemouth and Poole at the end of 2016 is equivalent to around 9 years' supply (based upon an annual apportionment of 1.57mt)
- The 'landbank' of crushed rock in Dorset, Bournemouth and Poole at the end of 2016 is equivalent to around 50 years' supply (based on an annual apportionment of 0.22mtpa)
- The production of Purbeck Stone in 2016 in Dorset was approximately 14,000 tonnes.
- The 'anticipated need' for Purbeck stone annually is approximately 20,000 to 25,000 tpa. It is estimated that the permitted reserves remaining at the end of 2016 equates to approximately 210,000 tonnes, equivalent to around 9 years' supply)
- The production of Portland Stone in 2016 in Dorset was approximately 4,000 tonnes.
- The 'anticipated need' for Portland Stone annually is approximately 3500 to 4500 tpa. It is estimated that the permitted reserves remaining at the end of 2016 equates to approximately 200,000 tonnes, equivalent to around 50 years' supply.
- The amount of household waste arising produced in Dorset, Bournemouth & Poole in 2015/16 was 387,000 tonnes.
- The amount of commercial and industrial waste arising produced in Dorset, Bournemouth & Poole in 2015/16 was 447,000 tonnes.
- The projected figure for hazardous waste tonnages sent to landfill in Dorset, Bournemouth & Poole for 2016 is 58,000 tonnes .

1 Town and Country Planning Regulations: <http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukxi/2012/767/contents/made>

Chapter 1 Introduction

Chapter 1 Introduction

The requirement for a Minerals & Waste Monitoring Report

1.1 Mineral and Waste Planning Authorities have a duty⁽¹⁾ to produce development plan documents (DPDs) which set out policies and proposals for the future development and management of mineral resources and sustainable waste management, and specifically provide:

- Information on how the preparation of the Minerals and Waste DPDs are progressing
- The extent to which the policies set out in the associated documents are being implemented

1.2 The Localism Act 2011 removes the requirement to submit an Annual Monitoring Report (AMR) to the Secretary of State. However, Councils are still required to prepare a Monitoring Report (MR) in order to be able to routinely monitor and report on the timetable specified in the local planning authority's local development scheme for the preparation of the Local Plan or the effectiveness of policies contained within the (adopted) Local Plan.

1.3 The Localism Act also amended the 2004 Act to require a Local Planning Authority's monitoring report to give details of what action they have taken during the period covered by the report with respect to collaborative working with another Local Planning Authority, County Council, or a body or person.

1.4 The Government issued the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)⁽²⁾ on 27 March 2012, which replaced most planning policy statements and guidance, with the exception of waste. The NPPF also placed an additional requirement on local planning authorities to prepare an annual Local Aggregate Assessment (LAA). The National Planning Policy for Waste⁽³⁾ was issued in 2014 alongside associated planning practice guidance⁽⁴⁾

1.5 The adopted Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole Minerals Strategy 2014 (hereafter referred to as 'the Minerals Strategy') also includes a commitment to monitor the implementation of the Plan. This is set out in Policy MON1 of the Minerals Strategy.

1.6 The Mineral Planning Authority (MPA) will prepare two separate reports: the MR and the LAA. As a result, the MR does not contain detailed reporting on issues, as these are considered in the LAA. The MR reports on other minerals, and in addition, waste issues.

1 Under section 35 of the 2004 Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act (as amended by the Localism Act 2011)

2 National Planning Policy Framework:
<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-planning-policy-framework-2>

3 National Planning Policy for Waste (2014):
<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-planning-policy-for-waste>

4 National Planning Practice Guidance for Waste:
<http://planningguidance.communities.gov.uk/blog/guidance/waste/>

What is the purpose of this Monitoring Report?

1.7 This report provides information on minerals and waste development within Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole in the calendar year 01 January to 31 December 2016. The report is divided into four key sections:

- Progress with the Minerals and Waste Development Scheme (MWDS) (the timetable)
- Monitoring policy performance (monitoring the policies from the Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole Minerals Strategy; the Waste Plan 2006 and the saved policies from the Minerals & Waste Local Plan 1999);
- Monitoring the implementation of the Plan as set out in Policy MON1 of the Minerals Strategy
- Monitoring outcomes and identifying relevant actions (the issues identified and the actions to be taken)

1.8 The MR provides detailed information on the progress of the documents set out in the MWDS, which provides a timetable for the preparation of work associated with the monitoring and implementation of the adopted Minerals and Waste Plans. This includes:

- What documents are to be produced; and
- The current stage of preparation of each of the documents.

1.9 This report highlights the latest figures on the monitoring indicators for the policies contained within the adopted Minerals & Waste Plans and will help to answer a number of questions, which include:

- Are the policies and proposals achieving their objectives, and in particular, delivering sustainable development?
- Are the policies having any unintentional consequences?
- Are the assumptions and objectives behind the policies still relevant?
- Are targets being achieved?

1.10 The questions above are addressed in section 5 (Reviewing the Monitoring Targets of this MR).

Chapter 2 Update on Minerals and Waste Policy and Guidance

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Minerals and Waste Policy and Guidance

Partnership Working

2.1 Dorset County Council (DCC) maintains a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with the adjoining authorities of Bournemouth and Poole. This allows DCC to undertake the plan making duties for the Minerals and Waste function on behalf of the other two authorities.

National Planning Policy and Guidance

2.2 The Government issued the NPPF⁽¹⁾ on 27 March 2012. The NPPF replaced most planning policy statements and guidance. The Localism Act (2011)⁽²⁾ was enacted on 15 November 2011 and the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012 were brought into force on 06 April 2012. However, the NPPF excluded reference to waste management, which is dealt with separately in the National Planning Policy for Waste which was published on 16 October 2014⁽³⁾.

2.3 Alongside National Planning Policy stands the National Planning Practice Guidance (NPPG)⁽⁴⁾.

2.4 National planning policy for waste is currently contained in a suite of documents and together they form the National Waste Management Plan, including:

- National Planning Policy for Waste (October 2014)
- Waste Management Plan for England (December 2013)
- National Waste Prevention Plan (December 2013)
- National Policy Statements (ie on renewable energy, hazardous waste, and waste water), and
- All waste development Plan Documents

2.5 The National Waste Management Plan should be read in conjunction with the NPPF.

1 National Planning Policy Framework:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-planning-policy-framework-2>

2 Localism Act (2011): <http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2011/20/contents/enacted>

3 National Planning Policy for Waste (2014):

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-planning-policy-for-waste>

4 National Planning Practice Guidance for Waste: <http://planningguidance.communities.gov.uk>

Chapter 3 Progress with the Development Scheme

Chapter 3 Progress with the Development Scheme

Progress with the Minerals and Waste Development Scheme

3.1 The Minerals and Waste Development Scheme (MWDS) is a statutory document which provides a timetable for the preparation of work associated with the preparation and adoption of the adopted Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole Minerals and Waste policy documents, such as the Minerals Strategy (adopted in May 2014) and the emerging Mineral Sites Plan and the emerging Waste Local Plan.

Review of the Development Scheme

3.2 The MWDS applicable to the Monitoring Year 2016 was approved by Dorset County Council in December 2015 and covers the period 2015-2017.

3.3 The document includes timetables for the delivery of the Mineral Sites Plan and the Waste Local Plan, together with information relating to Community and Stakeholder involvement with the emerging plans.

Statement of Community Involvement

3.4 A Statement of Community Involvement (SCI) for Minerals & Waste matters in Dorset sets out how people and organisations can contribute to the development of minerals and waste plans at the different stages of their preparation. It also sets out the protocol for community involvement in the consideration of planning applications that are dealt with by the County Council.

3.5 Dorset County Council adopted the current Minerals & Waste SCI in April 2013. Bournemouth and Poole Councils have their own individual SCIs setting out the ways in which they will engage with communities on planning matters. The County Council will liaise with Bournemouth and Poole officers to ensure that the consultation procedures set out in this SCI are consistent with their own SCI requirements, where relevant.

3.6 Following a six week consultation, the SCI was adopted by the County Council. This 2013 version replaces the SCI adopted by the Council in April 2007. It takes into account changes made to the planning system regulations as a result of new legislation. ⁽¹⁾

1 Town and Country Planning (Local Planning (England)) Regulations 2012

Chapter 4 Monitoring the Policies

Chapter 4 Monitoring the Policies

Monitoring Local Plan Policies

4.1 The policies contained within Development Plans (or Local Plans) are monitored to check if they are providing adequate management of minerals and waste development. This process is achieved via a number of 'Implementation and Monitoring Indicators' detailed in the adopted Minerals Strategy 2014.

Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole Minerals Strategy 2014

4.2 The Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole Minerals Strategy 2014 (MS2014) contains a suite of policies for delivering and managing mineral development to 2028. The MS2014 is based upon the principle of maintaining a reliable and timely supply of minerals whilst protecting the environment and our communities.

4.3 The MS2014 also considers matters which may arise from exceptional circumstances. By monitoring the indicator for each policy in the Plan, it will be possible to note if the intended outcome (the Vision) (of use of land for minerals and waste development in Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole) is appropriate for the local area, taking into consideration the highly valued environmental setting of the local area, and that it is on course to meet its stated objectives.

Monitoring Indicators

4.4 The monitoring framework for this Annual Monitoring Report consists of a number of 'monitoring indicators' for each policy, which are contained within the 'Implementation and Monitoring' section of the MS2014.

4.5 Each of the policies contained within the MS2014 were scrutinised and assessed at the two week long public examination into the Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole Minerals Strategy which commenced 13 May 2013.

4.6 All 47 of the adopted policies were found to be 'sound' by the Inspector.

4.7 The data results for the respective monitoring indicators for planning matters during the reporting period January to December 2016 is presented in the table at Appendix 2 of this report.

Chapter 5 Reviewing the Monitoring Targets

Chapter 5 Reviewing the Monitoring Targets

Monitoring Review

5.1 The review of the output indicator outcomes and commentary shows that the majority of output indicator targets were achieved during the 2016 reporting period. Where targets were not met, there may be various factors involved to explain this:

- Inappropriate indicator/target
- External factors, such as that contained within government policy; and
- Changes in market conditions or behaviour from the general public.

5.2 Where indicators have been breached, or are close to breaching in subsequent years, the Minerals & Waste Planning Authority (MWPA) maintains a close monitoring stance and takes account of the identified need in their decision making. The MWPA also engages with operators and landowners in order to support the submission of sustainable planning applications in accordance with minerals and waste planning policy. Should it be noted that certain indicators have been breached in successive years, these areas will be noted for particular attention during any upcoming reviews of planning policy.

Policy Review

5.3 In order to record issues which have arisen in the use of the MS2014 policies to date (noted by the policy team at Dorset County Council in consultation with the Development Management officers in the MWPA), a summary of possible concerns is included here. Any comments received in this context will help in the monitoring of the Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole Minerals Strategy (2014), as well as in shaping any future planning policy.

- Are the policies and proposals achieving their objectives, and in particular, delivering sustainable development?
- Are the policies having any unintentional consequences?
- Are the assumptions and objectives behind the policies still relevant?
- Are targets being achieved?

5.4 Safeguarding policies (SG1, SG2, SG3): The indicators relate to outcomes on applications, and whether mineral resources are being sterilised. Records show that Policies SG1 and SG3 were applied in all relevant cases, while Policy SG2 was not used. This may be because the Mineral Safeguarding Area (designated by Policy SG1) is the same as the Mineral Consultation Area as designated by Policy SG3. It is difficult to accurately monitor the use/application of these policies, as that would require the monitoring of all decisions by Local Planning Authorities, to identify all relevant applications and whether the Mineral Planning Authority was properly consulted on all relevant applications. It is necessary to rely on the fact that the MPA is being properly consulted on applicable applications for development proposals.

5.5 Certain policies such as SS2 and CC1 of MS2014 have not been used consistently in application determination in this reporting period. The Development Management officers have been alerted to this, and the importance of the policies emphasised, to ensure they are used in future years' decision making.

5.6 Many policies contained in the overall suite of Minerals Strategy policies are not relevant to all application types. For instance, Policies BC1, BC2 and BC3 are only applicable to applications concerning Ball Clay extraction and transportation and it is not expected that these would be used in the determination of applications for other mineral types.

5.7 It is considered that assumptions and objectives behind the policies are still relevant for future minerals and waste planning.

5.8 No unintentional consequences of policy use have occurred.

5.9 The policies appear to be achieving the objectives of delivering sustainable development, as well as high quality restoration and appropriate location for new minerals and waste developments.

Chapter 6 Co-operation in plan-making

Chapter 6 Co-operation in plan-making

Duty to Co-operate

6.1 The Local Planning Regulations 2012, which came into force on 6 April 2012, brought in a duty to co-operate, meaning that the Mineral Planning Authority must co-operate with other relevant planning authorities, as well as other organisations, as set out in section 4 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012. These organisations include the Environment Agency, English Heritage, Natural England and the highways authorities.

6.2 An amendment to the Act was made on 12 November 2012 to include both local enterprise partnerships (LEP) and local nature partnerships (LNP) as 'prescribed bodies' for the purposes of Regulation 4 (duty to co-operate). Consequently, the mineral planning authority is required '*...to engage constructively, actively and on an ongoing basis*' when preparing plans (Section 33A of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 (as amended)), through a continuous process of engagement to develop strategic policies.

6.3 The Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole Mineral Planning Authority and Waste Planning Authority (Dorset MWPA) has a duty to co-operate on planning issues that cross administrative boundaries. In particular, those issues which relate to the strategic priorities of plans in preparation. This includes minerals, energy, and waste management infrastructure.

6.4 Local planning authorities should work collaboratively with other bodies to ensure the proper co-ordination of strategic priorities. These collaborative decisions should be reflected in individual Local Plans.

6.5 To satisfy the requirement for on-going collaboration, the Dorset MWPA is actively engaged in a number of regional working groups: Regional Aggregates Working Party (RAWP); Regional Technical Advisory Body (RTAB). Both of these regional groups actively discuss issues relating to the Duty to Co-operate.

6.6 The Dorset MWPA is also an active member of the Planning Officers Society group which meets quarterly, and also shares minerals and waste planning discussions via its online email service. This forum provides a positive approach to update legislative knowledge and to problem share issues when they arise, including active co-operation with neighbouring authorities.

6.7 In the course of plan preparation, the Dorset MPA and WPA ensures that active co-operation is maintained with the 'relevant bodies' to ensure the requirements of the Act are met in terms of complying with the duty to co-operate. Regular liaison meetings are held with adjoining authorities, the industry, and statutory bodies, including the LEP and the LNP.

Duty to Co-operate requests during the preparation of the Mineral Sites and the Waste Plans :

6.8 The Dorset MPA and WPA is often contacted by other mineral/waste planning authorities in order to discuss plan-making issues. On-going meetings with District Councils/partner organisations to discuss matters such as transport assessments and waste facilities, were regularly attended by the Dorset MPA & WPA.

Chapter 7 Summary of Key Findings 2016

Chapter 7 Summary of Key Findings 2016

7.1 A total of 17 planning applications were determined by the Authority between 01 January and 31 December 2016, and all determinations were compliant with the Development Plan ⁽¹⁾.

7.2 Of these applications, none were subject to a section 106 legal agreement.

7.3 None of the 17 planning applications were accompanied by an Environmental Statement, and there were no refusals.

7.4 The existing policy framework is considered to be satisfactory in the determination of county matter applications, subject to on-going discussion between Policy and Development Management teams.

7.5 Sand and gravel sales in 2016 were 1.38mt.

7.6 The agreed sand and gravel annual supply figure for 2016 was 1.57mtpa. This resulted in a landbank of around 8.9 years, based on the reserve of 15.2 mt.

7.7 Crushed rock sales in 2016 were 197,000.

7.8 The agreed level of supply for crushed rock during 2016 was 0.22mtpa. This resulted in a landbank of around 50 years, based on the **estimated** reserve of **approximately** 19 mt.

7.9 Purbeck stone sales in 2016 was approximately 14,000 tonnes.

7.10 Anticipated annual need for Purbeck stone is calculated to be 20,000 to 25,000tpa. The remaining permitted reserves at the end of 2016 are estimated to be approximately 220,000 tonnes, giving a future supply of approximately 9 years.

7.11 Anticipated need for Portland stone is calculated to be 8,000 - 10,000 cubic metres/annum. The remaining reserve at the end of 2016 was calculated to be around 400,000 cubic metres, giving a future supply of approximately 50 years (although when sensitivity of land is taken in to consideration, the reserve drops to 35 years' supply).

7.12 Ball clay production and reserve figures cannot be reported for reasons of commercial confidentiality.

7.13 Monitoring and enforcement of consented active sites recorded the following:

- 0 enforcement notices served in 2016
- 1 Temporary Stop notice served in 2016
- 2 Breach of Condition notice served in 2016
- 1 Planning Contravention notices served in 2016

1 comprising the policies of the Minerals Strategy 2014, the saved policies of the Minerals & Waste Local Plan 1999, and the saved policies of the Waste Local Plan 1999

7.14 The total quantity of municipal waste arisings for the combined administrative areas of Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole in 2015/16 was 387,000 tonnes.

Appendix 1

Appendix 1

Minerals and Waste Planning Applications 2016

Mineral Applications

Submitted: 01 January 2016 to 31 December 2016 : 4

Consented: 01 January 2016 to 31 December 2016 : 9

Withdrawn: 01 January 2016 to 31 December 2016 : 0

Waste Applications

Submitted 01 January 2016 to 31 December 2016 : 6

Consented 01 January 2016 to 31 December 2016 : 8

Withdrawn 01 January 2016 to 31 December 2016 : 0

Breakdown of Application Type submitted:

Application Type	Total submitted
Mineral - Sand & Gravel	1
Mineral - Purbeck Stone	0
Mineral - Ball Clay	1
Mineral - Building Stone	1
Mineral - Portland Stone	1
Mineral - Recycled Aggregate	0
Mineral - Oil & Gas	0
Mineral - section 73 (change of conditions)	5
Mineral - Restoration	0
Mineral - Additional infrastructure	0
Waste - Landfill	1
Waste - Lagoon	3
Waste - Kiosk	0
Waste - Importation of inert waste	1

Application Type	Total submitted
Waste - Additional infrastructure	2
Waste - section 73 (change of conditions)	1
Waste - Change of Use	0

Table 1 - Type of Waste or Mineral facility

.1 Minerals Applications determined during 2016

Reference	Local Authority	Proposal	Address Description	Application Date Valid	Decision	Decision Date
WP1500366	Dorset County Council	Extraction of dimension stone by Perryfield Mine, underground mining at land known as "Perryfields" Portland, Dorset	Perryfield Mine, Pennsylvania Road, Portland, Dorset	14-May-2015	Temporary Grant	04-Jan-2016
220150731	Dorset County Council	Variation of conditions 2 and 24 of planning permission 2/2007/0538 to extend the date of the quarry until 30th September 2020 and relocate the stone storage area.	Manor Farm, School Lane, Melbury Abbas, Shaftesbury, Dorset, SP7 0DZ	07-May-2015	Full Grant	07-Jan-2016
6/2015/0566	Dorset County Council	Variation of Condition 1 of consent 6/2010/0803 to extend the duration of the extraction and restoration period of the Ball Clay development, until 30th September 2018. This is to allow for the full extraction of the Ball Clay resource and to restore the site to an acceptable landform after use.	Doreys Ball Clay Quarry, Holme Lane, East Holme, Dorset	08-Sep-2015	Temporary Grant	01-Mar-2016
6/2015/0421	Dorset County Council	Proposed extension to Quarry to form new working area (Area B2) for the extraction of sand and gravel, restoration and nature conservation and woodland at lower final level with importation of inert material as an aid to restoration and use of clay to restore area B1.	Land east of Binnegar Lane and south of Puddletown Road, through to rear of Binnegar Hall, Binnegar, BH20 6AX	06-Jul-2015	Temporary Grant	18-May-2016

6/2015/0198	Dorset County Council	Modification of Conditions 1 and 5 of Planning Permission 6/1999/0804 to allow for continued winning and working of mineral and removal of limitation on winter HGV movements.	Southard Quarry, Swanage,	20-Feb-2015	Temporary Grant	14-Jun-2016
220160097	Dorset County Council	Extraction and working of building stone. Retention of associated buildings. Provision of additional structures for storage and working of building stone, and ancillary uses. Sale from site of rough stone, worked stone and arisings.	Redlands Quarry, Red Lane, Todber, Sturminster Newton, Dorset, DT10 1HT	12-Jan-2016	Temporary Grant	22-Sep-2016
6/2016/0413	Dorset County Council	Development of land without complying with Condition 1 of planning permission 6/2010/0380 (i.e. for Dorset the extraction of ball clay, sand and gravel and restoration to pasture, woodland and part of a pond) and the Variation of the condition to extend the restoration period until 30 September 2019.	Doreys Openpit, Holme Lane, East Holme, Wareham,	05-Jul-2016	Temporary Grant	27-Oct-2016
6/2016/0414	Dorset County Council	Development of land without complying with Conditions 2 and 15 of planning permission 6/2010/0382 (i.e. for the extraction of ball clay with ancillary facilities and restoration to agriculture	Doreys Openpit, Holme Lane, East Holme, Wareham, Dorset	05-Jul-2016	Temporary Grant	27-Oct-2016

6/2016/0306	Dorset County Council	woodland and wetland) and the Variation of those Conditions to amend the phasing of working and extend the restoration period until 30 September 2019.	Modify Condition 2 of Planning Permission 6/2002/0139 (Sand Road, East Stoke, Extraction) Extension of Duration of Permission until 30 May 2021	Hines Pit, Puddletown	13-May-2016	Temporary Grant	28-Oct-2016
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Table .1

2 Waste Applications determined during 2016

Reference	Local Authority	Proposal	Address Description	Application Date Valid	Decision	Decision Date
WD/15/002326	Dorset County Council	The construction of a lined lagoon for the storage of dirty water and slurry arising from livestock operations.	Clandon Farm, Dorchester, Dorset, DT2 9JF	13-Oct-2015	Full Grant	07-Jan-2016
6/2015/0698	Dorset County Council	Application for installation of three replacement leachate storage tanks on Trigon Landfill	Trigon Pit, Carey Road, Wareham, Dorset	23-Oct-2015	Full Grant	22-Feb-2016
3/2015/0865	Dorset County Council	Construction of a parking bay, highways works and landscaping associated with the installation of an underground storage shaft. (AMENDED ADDRESS)	Land at the Junction of New Road and Craigwood Drive, Ferndown, BH22 8EX	21-Jul-2015	Full Grant	24-Feb-2016
22015/1690	Dorset County Council	Fill and regrade land with inert material.	Shadehouse Farm, Shadehouse Lane, Woodville, Stour Provost, Dorset, SP8 5LX	20-Oct-2015	Full Grant	16-Mar-2016
WP/15/00812	Dorset County Council	The continued operation and extension of an inert waste landfill; the continued operation of an inert waste and waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) transfer station; the continued operation of an inert waste recycling facility and the continued operation of a skip storage area. Phased restoration of the site.	Broadcroft Quarry & Landfill, Easton, Dorset	15-Dec-2015	Temporary Grant	22-Jun-2016

WD/D/16/000329	Dorset County Council	Enlargement of existing slurry lagoon for the storage of food and drink waste products	Ridge Dairy, Westcombe Farm, Hooke, Beaminster, Dorset, DT8 3NZ	25-Feb-2016	Full Grant	24-Jun-2016
8/14/0515	Dorset County Council	Proposed reconfiguration of existing and consented development; introduction of new plant and processes; increase in permitted throughput; partial widening of access road; provision of a permissive path; new landscaping and associated matters.	Eco Sustainable Solutions Ltd, Chapel Lane, Christchurch, Dorset, BH23 6BG	02-Oct-2014	Full Grant	11-Aug-2016
8/16/0889	Dorset County Council	Variation of Condition Two of Planning Permission 8/2012/0552 to retain the portacabin.	Hurr MRF, Chapel Lane, Hurr, Christchurch, Dorset, BH23 6NW	16-May-2016	Temporary Grant	22-Aug-2016

Table .2

Appendix 2 - Analysis of implementation of Minerals Strategy (2014) policies

Appendix 2 - Analysis of implementation of Minerals Strategy (2014) policies

Analysis of Implementation of Minerals Strategy 2014 policies for all Mineral Applications determined in 2016

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
<p>Policy SSI: Presumption in favour of sustainable development</p>	<p>Number of applications refused</p>	<p>All permissions consistent with this policy reflecting the presumption in favour of sustainable development.</p>	<p>This policy is not applicable to 7 of the 17 applications determined in this reporting period.</p>	<p>This policy is not applicable to all applications, such as section 73 (change of condition) submissions, or applications for additional infrastructure.</p> <p>Where the policy has not been used in the five applicable decisions, this can be attributed to the new policy type to which the Development Management officers are still familiarising themselves. The content of the policy, and the reasons that it should be used, including at pre-application stage, has been discussed with the officers and guidance provided on its implementation.</p>
<p>Policy SS2: Identification of sites in the Mineral Sites Plan</p>	<p>Permission granted for a non-allocated site</p>	<p>All permissions consistent with this policy with permissions being for sites allocated within the Mineral Sites Plan wherever possible.</p>	<p>No relevant applications in this reporting period.</p>	<p>This policy has not been used in decisions in this reporting year as the Minerals Sites Plan is still in preparation and carries no material weight. See appendix 3 for saved policies from the 1999 M&WLP.</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
<p>Policy CC1 – Preparation of Climate Change Assessments</p>	<p>Applications accepted without a comprehensive climate change assessment.</p> <p>Applications where mitigation is incorporated into the scheme.</p> <p>Conditions requiring mitigation measures.</p>	<p>All applications to be supported by a climate change assessment or a statement to confirm that an assessment is not needed.</p>	<p>To be confirmed.</p>	<p>This policy has not been used in decisions in this reporting year as this is a new policy type to which the Development Management officers are still familiarising themselves.</p> <p>The content of the policy, and the reasons that it should be used, including at pre-application stage, has been discussed with the officers and guidance provided on its implementation.</p>
<p>Policy RE1 – Production of recycled aggregates</p>	<p>Number of applications for recycled aggregate facilities approved or refused.</p> <p>Amount of recycled aggregate produced, as a percentage of overall aggregate production/sales.</p>	<p>Increase the production of recycled aggregate, in order to reduce the need for primary aggregate.</p> <p>Continued collection of recycled aggregate figures.</p>	<p>Recycled aggregate sales (partly estimated - complete calendar years):</p> <p>2014: 302,357 tonnes</p> <p>2015: 327,178 tonnes</p> <p>2016: 346,157 tonnes</p>	<p>This policy is only applicable to applications related to operations involving recycled aggregates. There were no relevant applications for this reporting period.</p> <p>Recycling figures will continue to be collected on an annual basis.</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
<p>Policy AS1 – Provision of sand and gravel</p>	<p>Total quantity of sand and gravel as permitted reserves. Total quantity of sand and gravel identified within the Mineral Sites Plan. Actual sales/production of sand and gravel</p>	<p>To identify sufficient sites within the Mineral Sites Plan to deliver production at a level of 9.36 million tonnes (average of 1.58 million tonnes per annum) of sand and gravel.</p>	<p>Permitted reserves of sand and gravel at end of: 2014: 15,198,422 tonnes 2015: 13,827,020 tonnes 2016: 13,547,949 tonnes</p>	<p>This policy is only applicable to applications related to operations involving aggregate production. There was one relevant applications for this reporting period, in which the policy was used successfully.</p>
<p>Policy AS2 – Landbank provision</p>	<p>Balance of permitted reserves of each material and current landbank figure</p>	<p>Maintenance of a 7 year landbank through mineral permissions.</p>	<p>Permitted reserves at end of 2015: River Terrace: 6,722,000 t</p>	<p>Sand and gravel sales figures will continue to be collected annually. Total sand and gravel tonnage identified in the permitted sites on the map will be provided for the MSP aggregate reserves. Figures for aggregate sales (in tonnes) for 2015 are shown. Landbank figures for River Terrace and Poole Formation aggregate are shown - in years The River Terrace landbank remains high, while in 2015 the Poole Formation landbank remains just above the required 7 years.</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
Policy AS3 – Crushed Rock	Whether or not any new sites for crushed rock are permitted. Actual sales/production of crushed rock annually.	No permissions granted for the processing and production of crushed rock.	To be confirmed.	This policy has not been used in decisions in this reporting period as no applications for new crushed rock operations have been received. This will continue to be monitored annually. Crushed Rock sales (tonnes): 2014: 282,772 2015: 239,517
Policy AS4 – Wharves and Depots	Permissions for other forms of development at existing rail depots and wharfs which would prevent or prejudice the current use - application of safeguarding policy.	Establishment of new wharf or depot sites. No net loss of land at existing wharves and depots. No net decreases in percentage share transported by rail/water.	To be confirmed.	This policy has not been used in decisions in this reporting period as no applications for new wharves or depots have been received. This will be continue to be monitored annually.

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
	<p>New rail depots and aggregate wharves,</p> <p>The expansion and/or modernisation of existing sites.</p>			
Policy AS5 – Borrow Pits	<p>Number of permissions for Borrow Pits</p>	<p>Ensure proposals have minimum detrimental impact.</p> <p>All permissions consistent with all the criteria in this policy.</p>	<p>No relevant applications in this reporting period.</p>	<p>This policy has not been used in decisions in this reporting period as no applications for new borrow pits have been received.</p> <p>This will be continue to be monitored annually.</p>
Policy BC1 – Provision of Ball Clay	<p>Tonnage of material identified within the Mineral Sites Plan.</p> <p>Total quantity of ball clay as permitted reserves.</p> <p>Actual sales/production of ball clay annually.</p>	<p>To maintain an adequate supply of all grades of ball clay.</p>	<p>Three applications relating to ball clay were determined in 2016, which are all s.73, change of conditions.</p> <p>Ball Clay reserves are available to the Mineral Planning</p>	<p>This policy is applicable to three applications in this reporting year.</p> <p>Ball clay sales figures will be confidentially collected on an annual basis.</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
Policy BC2 – Ball Clay Transportation	The extent to which any alternative means of transport to and from Furzebrook are utilised.	Consideration of alternatives to the bulk transportation of minerals by road in applications. Applications including an increase in transportation to be accompanied by a statement of sustainable transport options.	Three applications relating to ball clay were determined in 2016, which are all s.73, change of conditions. This policy was not relevant to any of the applications in this reporting period.	This policy is applicable to three applications in this reporting year.
Policy BC3 – Extraction of sand and gravel in association with ball clay within the AONB	Number of permissions, and/or allocations within the Mineral Sites Plan, for the extraction of sand and gravel in association with ball clay working within	All permissions consistent with this policy.	Three applications relating to ball clay were determined in 2016, which are all s.73, change of conditions.	This policy is applicable to three applications in this reporting year.

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
Policy PK1 – Provision of Purbeck Stone	<p>the AONB which are not consistent with the policy.</p> <p>Level of output of Purbeck Stone.</p>	<p>Sites identified in the Mineral Sites Plan to meet requirement of 102,000 tonnes (an average of 20,000 tpa)</p>	<p>Sales of Purbeck Stone (in tonnes) during:</p> <p>2015: to be added when available</p> <p>2016: to be added when available.</p> <p>Total permitted reserves (in tonnes) of Purbeck Stone at the end of:</p> <p>2015: to be added when available</p> <p>2016: to be added when available.</p>	<p>This policy is not monitored through analysis of planning permissions. This policy is monitored through the annual collection of information on Purbeck Stone sales and reserves.</p> <p>Commentary on sales and landbank figures to be added, when they are available.</p> <p>The Mineral Sites Plan is still in preparation. Once adopted, any allocations included within the Plan will be reported.</p>
Policy PK2 – Considerations for Purbeck Stone Extraction	<p>Grant of permission from outside the Area of Search</p>	<p>Permitted sites consistent with the policy criteria</p>	<p>One application relating to Purbeck stone extraction was received in this reporting period.</p>	<p>This policy is only applicable to Purbeck Stone related applications, and was successfully used in the relevant application for this reporting period.</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
Policy PK3 – Service Areas	<p>Number of conditions linked to site improvements.</p> <p>Net change in the number of service areas.</p>	<p>No net increase in number of service areas.</p>	<p>This policy was successfully used in this application in this reporting period.</p>	
Policy PK4 – Crushing of Purbeck Stone	<p>Conditions attached to permissions restricting crushing activity.</p>	<p>Crushing only in line with exceptional circumstances outlined.</p>	<p>No applications relating to Purbeck stone service areas was received in this reporting period.</p> <p>This policy was not applicable to any application in this reporting period.</p>	<p>This policy is applicable to the development of service areas. The policy was not relevant to any applications in this reporting period.</p>
			<p>No applications relating to crushing of Purbeck stone were determined in 2016.</p>	<p>This policy is only applicable to applications relating to the crushing of Purbeck Stone, and was not relevant in this reporting period.</p> <p>This policy will be monitored on a regular basis through subsequent years.</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
Policy PK5 – Importation of stone from Outside Purbeck	Number of permissions for the processing, storage and resale of imported stone and total tonnage permitted.	No permissions contrary to policy for storage and resale of imported stone. Importation of stone for processing should be in keeping with current levels.	No applications relating to importation of stone elsewhere from Purbeck were determined in 2016.	This policy is only applicable to importation of stone from outside the Purbeck Stone areas. It was not applicable in this reporting period. This policy will be monitored on a regular basis through subsequent years.
Policy PD1 – Underground mining and High Wall Extraction of Portland Stone	Number of underground or high wall mines permitted. Quantity of reserves permitted for surface quarrying relinquished	All permissions consistent with this policy. Relinquishment of areas most sensitive to surface quarrying. Improved restoration schemes.	One application relating to underground mining of Portland Stone was received in this reporting period.	This policy was relevant to one application determined in this reporting period and was successfully used. This policy will be monitored on a regular basis through subsequent years.
Policy PD2 – Surface quarrying of Portland Stone	Number of refusals issued and permissions granted for new quarries on Portland.	No permission for surface extraction unless environmental improvements would be achieved.	No applications relating to surface quarrying of Portland Stone were received in this reporting period.	This policy has not been used in decisions in this reporting period as no applications for surface quarrying of Portland Stone have been received. This policy will be monitored on a regular basis through subsequent years.

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
Policy PD3 – Relinquishment of Permission	<p>Quantity of reserves relinquished.</p> <p>Extent of areas where planning permission is relinquished from within and outside of areas identified as preferred for relinquishment.</p> <p>Mechanisms through which this is secured.</p>	<p>Reduce surface quarrying and extraction from the Cherty series from areas identified as sensitive.</p>	<p>No applicable applications in this reporting period.</p>	<p>This policy has not been used in decisions in this reporting period as no relinquishment of land to permit mining operations for Portland Stone extraction have been received.</p> <p>This policy will continue to be annually monitored.</p>
Policy PD4 – Minimising Environmental Impacts of existing permissions	<p>Number and nature of conditions imposed through the Review of Old Mineral Planning Permissions (ROMP) process originating from the application of this policy that will bring</p>	<p>ROMP applications determined in accordance with this policy.</p>	<p>No applications relating to restoration of a Portland stone site were received in this reporting period.</p> <p>This policy was not applicable to any applications in this reporting period.</p>	<p>This policy seeks to minimise adverse environmental impacts to the Island from existing planning permissions for Portland Stone extraction - through both the ROMP process and through voluntary agreements.</p> <p>This policy will continue to be annually monitored.</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
	about environmental improvements,			
Policy PD5 – Restoration of Sites on Portland	Number of restoration schemes secured which address the issues covered by this policy.	All schemes consistent with this policy in terms of achieving a positive outcome from the restoration of former workings.	No applications relating to restoration of a Portland stone site were received in this reporting period. This policy was not applicable to any applications in this reporting period.	This policy is applicable to applications relating to the restoration of sites. No relevant applications were determined in this reporting period. The policy will continue to be annually monitored.
Policy BS1 – Building stone quarries	Number of sites identified in the Mineral Sites Plan and/or new permissions for building stone quarries or extensions to existing quarries.	No specific target production/sales figure required to be met. Sites need to be monitored to assess future need. Identify specific sites in the Mineral Sites Plan, as appropriate.	One application relating to a building stone site was received in this reporting period to continue operations. The policy was successfully used in this application.	This policy is only applicable to small scale building stone quarry proposals, of which one was determined in this reporting period and this policy was successfully applied. Total building stone reserve identified in the Mineral Sites Plan (MSP) will be provided in the monitoring report once the MSP is finalised/adopted in 2018.

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
Policy HY1 – Proposals for exploration and appraisal	Number of permissions granted in accordance with the policy.	All permissions consistent with policy.	No relevant applications were determined in this reporting period.	This policy is only applicable to oil and gas exploration and appraisal proposals.
Policy HY2 – Proposals for production sites and ancillary development	Number of permissions granted in accordance with the policy. Facilities permitted that sit within an agreed overall framework.	All permissions consistent with policy. All frameworks agreed.	No relevant applications were determined in this reporting period.	This policy is only applicable to oil and gas exploration and appraisal proposals.
Policy HY3 – Transportation of Hydrocarbons	Number of developments permitted that use pipelines for the transport of oil and gas.	All developments use pipelines.	No relevant applications were determined in this reporting period.	This policy is only applicable to oil and gas exploration and appraisal proposals.
Policy HY4 – Decommissioning and Restoration of Production Facilities and Ancillary Development	Number of applications for production sites requiring the submission of a decommissioning strategy and restoration scheme.	Well sites and facilities are restored promptly. Decommissioning and restoration is in accordance with a strategy agreed by the Mineral Planning Authority.	No relevant applications in this reporting period.	This policy has not been used in decisions in this reporting period as no relevant applications were received. It will continue to be monitored annually.

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
Policy HY5 – Underground gas storage	Permissions granted and refused for underground gas storage.	All consents must accord with policy HY5, particularly ensuring no detrimental impacts to the environment.	No applicable applications in this reporting period.	This policy has not been used in decisions in this reporting period as no relevant applications were received. It will continue to be monitored annually.
Policy IS1 – Industrial sand	Total quantity of industrial sand as permitted reserves. Total quantity of industrial sand identified within the Mineral Sites Plan. Actual sales or production of industrial sand annually.	Maintenance of a 10 year landbank through mineral permissions, particularly extensions.	No applicable applications in this reporting period.	This policy has not been used in decisions in this reporting period as no relevant applications were received. It will continue to be monitored annually.
Policy SG1 – Minerals Safeguarding Area	Number of applications refused or objections made on safeguarding grounds or approved with prior extraction.	No sterilisation of economically important mineral resources.	This policy was used when replying to consultations on planning applications received by District/Borough Councils.	The designated Mineral Safeguarding Area (MSA) and Mineral Consultation Area (MCA) are intended to identify and monitor built development that may prejudice future mineral working. Effective implementation of this policy requires that the districts/boroughs consult the Mineral Planning Authority

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
Policy SG2 – Mineral Consultation Area	<p>Number of consultations undertaken.</p> <p>Number of developments without prior extraction of mineral resources</p>	<p>District/Borough Councils to consult Dorset County Council over all proposals within or partly within the MCA.</p> <p>No sterilisation of economically important mineral resources.</p>	<p>This policy has not been used when replying to consultations on planning applications received by District/Borough Councils.</p>	<p>in each relevant case. The MPA is dependent on proper consultation taking place, and will work closely with district/borough councils on this matter.</p> <p>The designated Mineral Safeguarding Area (MSA) and Mineral Consultation Area (MCA) are intended to identify and monitor built development that may prejudice future mineral working.</p> <p>Effective implementation of this policy requires that the districts/boroughs consult the Mineral Planning Authority in each relevant case. The MPA is dependent on proper consultation taking place, and will work closely with district/borough councils on this matter.</p>
Policy SG3 – Safeguarding of mineral sites and facilities	<p>Number of applications having an adverse effect on safeguarded minerals sites or facilities.</p>	<p>No negative impacts to existing minerals operations.</p>	<p>To be confirmed.</p>	<p>This policy is intended to safeguard and protect mineral sites and facilities, for the benefit of both the minerals facilities and encroaching built development, to avoid prejudicing future mineral working.</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
<p>Policy RS1 – restoration, aftercare and afteruse of minerals development</p>	<p>The completion of a Restoration Supplementary Planning Document (SPD). Area of land achieving habitat creation and/or delivering objectives of Biodiversity Action Plan (where information is available). Percentage of minerals development planning</p>	<p>100% of relevant applications/permissions consistent with this policy. A Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) on restoration to be completed in order to provide detailed guidance on restoration.</p>	<p>This policy is applicable to and was successfully used in all of the 17 planning consents in this monitoring period.</p>	<p>Effective implementation of this policy requires that the districts/boroughs consult the Mineral Planning Authority in each relevant case. The MPA is dependent on proper consultation taking place, and will work closely with district/borough councils on this matter. Successfully used in 100% of all relevant applications. The policy usage will continue to be monitored to ensure high quality restoration of land is maintained.</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
	applications compliant with the requirements of the policy.			
Policy RS2 – Retention of Plant, Machinery and Ancillary Development	Permissions granted or refused for the retention of plant and machinery	100% of relevant applications/permissions to be consistent with policy RS2, in particular the retention of plant/machinery, unless there is an identified need elsewhere.	No relevant applications in this reporting period.	The policy will be monitored on a regular basis through subsequent years.
Policy RS3 – Establishment of local liaison groups	Number/proportion of consents where a local liaison group has been established.	100% all new mineral extraction permissions to have considered (and where appropriate have established) local liaison groups.	No relevant applications in this reporting period.	This policy has not been used in decisions in this reporting period as no applications for new quarries have been received in this reporting period. This will be monitored on a regular basis through subsequent years.

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
<p>Policy DM1 – Key criteria for sustainable minerals development</p>	<p>Percentage of minerals development planning applications compliant with the requirements of the policy.</p>	<p>100% applications/permissions which are consistent with this policy in order to deliver the key objectives of the plan..</p>	<p>This policy was applicable to all of the 17 applications determined in this reporting period.</p>	<p>This policy has been used in all the decisions in this reporting year as the Development Management.</p> <p>The policy usage will continue to be monitored and be reviewed in subsequent years to ensure sustainable development is maintained.</p>
<p>Policy DM2 – Managing the impacts on Amenity</p>	<p>Percentage of minerals development planning applications compliant with the requirements of the policy.</p>	<p>100% of applications or permissions consistent with this policy.</p>	<p>This policy was applicable to all of the 17 applications determined in this reporting period.</p>	<p>This policy is only applicable to proposals which include an assessment of impact from the development on amenity, and was successfully used in all of the 17 determinations in this reporting period.</p> <p>The policy usage will continue to be monitored and be reviewed in subsequent years.</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
<p>Policy DM3 – Managing the impact on surface water and groundwater resources</p>	<p>Number of proposals which include a Flood Risk Assessment and/or incorporating Sustainable Urban Development System (SUDS). Percentage of mineral development planning applications compliant with the requirements of this policy.</p>	<p>100% applications or permissions consistent with this policy in order to protect and enhance the water environment.</p>	<p>This policy was applicable to all 17 of the applications determined in this reporting period.</p>	<p>This policy is only applicable to proposals which include an assessment of impact of surface water and groundwater resources. It was successfully used in all 17 applications determined in this reporting period. The policy usage will continue to be monitored and be reviewed in subsequent years.</p>
<p>Policy DM4 – Protection and enhancement of landscape character and the countryside</p>	<p>Number of proposals which include an assessment of the adverse impacts upon landscape character.</p>	<p>100% applications or permissions consistent with policy DM4.</p>	<p>This policy was applicable to all of the 17 applications determined in this reporting period.</p>	<p>This policy is applicable to proposals which include an assessment of adverse impact on landscape character. It was successfully used in all 17 applications determined in this reporting period. The policy usage will continue to be monitored and be reviewed in subsequent years.</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
<p>Policy DM5 – Biodiversity and Geological Interest</p>	<p>Number of proposals including an assessment of the biodiversity and geodiversity interest.</p> <p>Number of applications where biodiversity benefits are identified.</p> <p>Percentage of mineral development planning applications compliant with the requirements of this policy.</p>	<p>100% applications/permissions consistent with this policy in order to protect, maintain and/or enhance sites and species of international and national importance.</p>	<p>This policy was applicable to all 17 of the applications determined in this reporting period.</p>	<p>This policy is only applicable to proposals which include an assessment of biodiversity and geodiversity interest.</p> <p>The policy usage will continue to be monitored and be reviewed in subsequent years.</p>
<p>Policy DM6 – Dorset and East Devon Coast World Heritage Site</p>	<p>Number of relevant proposals with assessment of impact on and mitigation for the World Heritage Sites and its setting.</p>	<p>All permissions must be consistent with this policy.</p>	<p>This policy was only applicable to one of the 17 applications determined in this reporting period.</p>	<p>This policy is only applicable to proposals which include an assessment of impact on and mitigation for the World Heritage Sites and its setting. It was only applicable to one of the determined applications, and was used successfully.</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
Policy DM7 – The Historic Environment	Number of proposals which include an assessment of the historic environment and/or archaeological evaluation.	100% permissions must be consistent with policy DM7.	This policy was not applicable to applications determined in this reporting period.	<p>The policy usage will continue to be monitored and be reviewed in subsequent years.</p> <p>This policy is only applicable to proposals which include an assessment of the historic environment/require an archaeological evaluation.</p> <p>The policy usage will continue to be monitored and be reviewed in subsequent years.</p>
Policy DM8 – Sustainable transport and minerals development	<p>Percentage of proposals facilitating sustainable transport in compliance with the policy.</p> <p>Number of applications accompanied by a Transport Assessment.</p>	100% applications/permissions consistent with this policy.	This policy was not applicable to the applications determined in this reporting period.	<p>This policy is only applicable to proposals which include an evaluation of transportation methods.</p> <p>The policy usage will continue to be monitored and be reviewed in subsequent years.</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
	Number of applications containing sustainable transport assessment.			
Policy DM9 – Extraction and Restoration within Airfield Safeguarding Areas	Percentage of minerals development planning applications compliant with the requirements of this policy.	100% permissions must be consistent with policy DM9.	No applicable applications in this reporting period.	<p>This policy is only applicable to proposals located in an airfield safeguarding area, and was not relevant to any of the proposals determined in this reporting period.</p> <p>The policy usage will continue to be monitored and be reviewed in subsequent years.</p>
Policy DM10 – Legal Agreements	Number of relevant consents issued which include a legal agreement.	All permissions which require or qualify for a legal agreement to have one.	This policy was not applicable to the applications determined in this reporting period.	<p>This policy is only applicable to proposals which include a legal agreement.</p> <p>Development Management officers are still familiarising themselves with the new policies in the adopted Minerals Strategy.</p> <p>The content of the policy, and the reasons that it should be used, including at pre-application stage, has</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
Policy DM11 – Review of Old Mineral Planning Permissions	Number of times Policy DM11 is used in ROMP decisions.	All relevant applications or permissions must be consistent with policy DM11 through the achievement of optimum working and restoration standards.	No applicable applications in this reporting period.	<p>been discussed with the officers and guidance provided on its implementation.</p> <p>The policy usage will continue to be monitored and be reviewed in subsequent years.</p>
Policy MON1 – Monitor and Manage	Total consents which include conditions specifying the provision of production figures annually.	100% consents which comprise mineral production to have a condition requiring annual production notification to the MPA.	This policy was not applicable to the applications determined in this reporting period.	<p>This policy was not relevant to any of the proposals determined in this reporting period.</p> <p>The MPA monitors production figures for minerals and recycled aggregates annually. Any determination of an application involving sales of mineral should include policy MON1.</p> <p>The content of the policy, and the reasons that it should be used, including at pre-application stage, has</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
				<p>been discussed with the officers and guidance provided on its implementation.</p> <p>The policy usage will continue to be monitored and be reviewed in subsequent years.</p>

Table .1

Appendix 3

Appendix 3

Analysis of implementation of the Dorset Minerals and Waste Local Plan 1999 saved policies against Dorset County applications

N.B: The following list does not include waste policies – see Adopted Waste Local Plan (Appendix 4) for more information.

The Minerals Strategy was adopted in May 2014. This document provides the guiding policies for determination of minerals & waste applications received by Dorset County Council, but does not provide a steer for future extraction areas.

The Mineral Sites Plan currently under production will include policies relating to preferred areas for future extraction of mineral within Dorset.

However, to avoid a void in policy guidance, five policies from the MWLP 1999 were saved to assist officers making decisions on preferred areas put forwards for determination, until the Mineral Sites Plan is adopted.

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Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
Saved policy of MWLP 1999 - Policy 6 (Relating to Applications outside the Preferred Areas)	Consents which refer to sites lying outside the designated preferred areas in MWLP.	Applications made outside preferred areas to be as few as practicable. All relevant applications or permissions must be consistent with this policy and satisfactorily comply with the criteria as set out.	This policy was applicable to three of the nine applications determined in this reporting period.	This policy relates to applications outside of the preferred areas. It was successfully used in the three applicable determinations. This policy will be superceded by the Mineral Sites Plan once adopted.
Saved policy of MWLP 1999 - Policy 15	Consents which refer to sites lying within the MWLP	Permissions are granted for extraction in the specified Preferred	No relevant applications in this reporting period.	This policy relates to preferred areas for sand and gravel, and the only remaining Preferred Areas

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
(Preferred Areas for Sand and Gravel)	designated preferred areas for Sand and Gravel sites (Woodsford, HCF, Avon Common, Gt Plantation, Tatchells).	<p>Areas. Such permissions meet the criteria in the policy.</p> <p>All relevant applications or permissions must be consistent with this policy and satisfactorily comply with the criteria as set out.</p>		<p>are at Great Plantation and Tatchells. No applications were received relating to those areas.</p> <p>This policy will be superceded by the Mineral Sites Plan once adopted.</p>
<p>Saved policy of MWLP 1999 - Policy 16</p> <p>(Applications for the Winning and Working of Gravel outside Preferred Areas)</p>	Consents which refer to sites lying outside the MWLP designated preferred areas (above) for gravel extraction.	<p>Number of applications permitted outside the Preferred Areas kept to the minimum practicable, subject to policy criteria .</p> <p>All relevant applications or permissions must be consistent with this policy and satisfactorily comply with the criteria as set out.</p>	No relevant applications in this reporting period.	<p>This policy relates to applications for the winning and working of gravel outside preferred areas. No applications were received relating to those areas.</p> <p>This policy will be superceded by the Mineral Sites Plan once adopted.</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
<p>Saved policy of MWLP 1999 - Policy 30</p> <p>(Presumption in Favour of Extraction in Preferred Areas (Purbeck Stone))</p>	<p>Consents which refer to sites within the MWLP designated preferred areas for Purbeck Stone (at Acton and Swanage).</p>	<p>Permissions are granted for stone working in the two Preferred Areas identified. Such permissions meet the criteria in the policy.</p> <p>All relevant applications or permissions must be consistent with this policy and satisfactorily comply with the criteria as set out.</p>	<p>No relevant applications in this reporting period.</p>	<p>This policy relates to preferred areas for Purbeck Stone, at Acton and Swanage. No applications were received relating to those areas.</p> <p>This policy will be superceded by the Mineral Sites Plan once adopted.</p>
<p>Saved policy of MWLP 1999 - Policy 35</p> <p>(Presumption in Favour of Applications within Preferred Areas (Ball Clay))</p>	<p>Consents which refer to sites lying outside the MWLP designated preferred areas for Ball Clay (at Trigon,</p>	<p>Permissions are granted for ball clay extraction in Preferred Areas. Such permissions meet the criteria in the policy.</p>	<p>No relevant applications in this reporting period.</p>	<p>This policy relates to preferred areas for Ball Clay. The only relevant remaining area is at Trigon, and no application was received relating to this areas.</p>

Policy number and Title	Key Indicator	Target	Outcome in 2016	Commentary
	Binnegar, Squirrel Cottage, Povington).	All relevant applications or permissions must be consistent with this policy and satisfactorily comply with the criteria as set out.		This policy will be superceded by the Mineral Sites Plan once adopted.

Table .1

Appendix 4

Appendix 4

Analysis of implementation of the Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole Waste Local Plan 2006 saved policies in Dorset County and Borough of Poole applications determined in 2016

Policy Number and Title	Policy Target	Policy usage in 2016
1. Guiding Principles	To minimise the amount of waste being disposed of by landfill.	5
2. Integrated Waste Management Facilities	To facilitate the development of integrated waste management facilities.	1
3. Waste Developments within the AONB	Discourage development within AONB.	1
4. Landscape Character	To ensure that developments are in keeping with the landscape character.	5
6. Local Designations	To ensure that developments do not have an adverse impact on sites of regional or local importance.	1
7. Wildlife Corridors and Stepping Stones	To ensure that developments do not have an adverse impact on wildlife corridors and stepping stones.	1
8. Protection of Species	To ensure that developments do not have an adverse impact on protected species.	1
9. Archaeology	To ensure that developments do not have an impact on nationally important remains.	0
11. Heritage Coast and World Heritage Sites	To ensure that developments do not have an adverse impact on Heritage Coast and World Heritage Sites.	0
12. Agricultural Land	To ensure that developments do not have an adverse impact on the best and most versatile agricultural land.	0

Policy Number and Title	Policy Target	Policy usage in 2016
13. Water Resources	To ensure that developments do not have a detrimental impact on water resources.	1
14. Quality of Life	To ensure that developments do not have a detrimental impact on amenity.	-
15. Rights of Way	To ensure that developments do not have an adverse impact on public rights of way.	1
17. Safeguarding	No sterilisation of existing waste facilities or sites allocated within the WLP.	0
18. Ground Stability	To ensure that developments are not permitted on unstable land without appropriate mitigation.	0
19. Ground Investigation	To promote ground investigation works so long as they do not give rise to significant adverse effects.	0
20. Safety and Capacity of the Highway Network	To ensure that transport assessments are carried out where appropriate.	1
21. Transport Impact	To ensure that associated traffic from developments would not have an unacceptable effect on residents and environmentally sensitive areas.	1
22. Non-Road Borne Transport	To facilitate alternative methods of waste transportation.	0
23. Off Site Highway Improvements	To ensure necessary off site highways developments associated with waste management facilities are implemented prior to commencement.	0
24. The Major Road Network	To ensure that there is adequate capacity on the highways network to facilitate associated traffic movements.	0
25. Negotiated Improvements	To secure improvements to existing waste facilities	3

Policy Number and Title	Policy Target	Policy usage in 2016
26. Applications falling within sites identified in Schedule 1	To promote the development of waste management facilities listed in schedule 1 and in accordance with a plan led system	0
27. Small Scale Recycling Facilities	To facilitate small scale recycling facilities at appropriate locations.	0
28. Household Recycling Centres	To facilitate household recycling centres at appropriate locations.	0
29. Waste Transfer Stations or Extensions to Existing Waste Transfer Stations	To facilitate waste transfer stations at appropriate locations.	0
30. Waste Management Centres	To facilitate waste management centres at appropriate locations.	0
31. Materials Recovery Facilities	To facilitate waste management centres at appropriate locations.	0
32. Recycling or Inert and Construction and Demolition Waste.	To facilitate the recycling of construction and demolition at appropriate locations.	1
33. Metal Recycling Sites	To facilitate the recycling of metal at appropriate locations.	0
34. Open Air Composting	To facilitate open air composting at appropriate locations.	1
35. In-Vessel Composting	To facilitate in-vessel composting at appropriate locations.	0
36. Mechanical Biological Treatment and	To facilitate mechanical biological treatment and refuse derived fuel plants at appropriate locations.	1

Policy Number and Title	Policy Target	Policy usage in 2016
Refuse Derived Fuel		
37. Anaerobic Digestion, Gasification and Pyrolysis	To facilitate anaerobic digestion, gasification and pyrolysis plants at appropriate locations.	1
38. Energy from Waste by Incineration	To facilitate energy from waste by incineration at appropriate locations.	1
39. Disposal of Non-Inert Waste	To facilitate disposal of non-inert waste at appropriate locations.	0
40. Landfilling Inert Waste in Selected Strategic Mineral Voids	To promote the inert landfilling at strategic mineral voids	0
41. Landfilling Inert Waste in North and West Dorset	To facilitate the landfilling of inert waste in North and West Dorset	0
42. Landfilling Inert Waste in areas not covered by Policies 40 and 41	To facilitate the landfilling of inert waste in areas not cover by policies 40 and 41	0
43. Waste from Construction Projects	To facilitate the appropriate disposal of inert waste from construction projects.	0
44. Agricultural Improvements	To facilitate genuine agricultural improvements through the landfilling of inert waste.	1
45. Reclamation of Landfill Sites	To facilitate appropriate and timely restoration of landfill sites.	0
46. Sewage Treatment Works	To facilitate appropriate locations of sewage treatment works and provision of adequate levels of environmental protection.	1

Policy Number and Title	Policy Target	Policy usage in 2016
47. Facilities for Clinical, Special or Hazardous Wastes	To ensure the appropriate siting of clinical special and hazardous waste facilities.	1

Table Apx 3

Appendix 5

Appendix 5

Local Output Indicators

MINERALS ⁽¹⁾	2016	
1. Total mineral reserve granted permission in the year for sand and gravel	2.6 million tonnes	
2. Total mineral reserve granted permission in the year for Purbeck/Portland stone	50 tonnes (apx)	
3. Total mineral reserve granted permission in the year for crushed rock.	0 tonnes	
4. Total mineral reserve granted permission in the year for ball clay.	20,000 tonnes	
5. Total mineral reserve granted permission in the year for building stone	35,000 tonnes	
6. Total reserve granted permission in the year for recycled aggregate	0 tonnes	
7. Total land take (ha) and type for the year.	Industrial	0
	Quarry	16.85ha
	Forestry	0
	Heathland	0
	Agriculture	0
	Pasture Land	0
8. Total restoration area (ha) included in combined planning permissions	0 ha	
9. Total production capacity/output granted in the year for sand and gravel	0 tonnes	
10. Total processing capacity/output granted in the year for crushed rock	0 tonnes	

1 N.B. – data in this table refers only to ‘major’ applications (i.e. involving the creation or extension of mineral producing or processing facilities). Three such permissions have been analysed for this purpose.

10. Total processing capacity/output granted in the year for building stone.	0 tonnes
11. Total processing capacity/output granted in the year for Ball Clay.	0 tonnes
12. Number of applications granted permission within the preferred areas	0
13. Number of applications refused within preferred areas	0
14. Number of applications granted permission outside the preferred areas	0
15. Number of applications refused outside the preferred areas.	0
16. Number of granted applications with an associated s106 agreement.	0

Table Apx 5.1

WASTE ⁽²⁾	2016	
1. Total new (annual) capacity for waste management (tonnes)	Inert/C+D Recycling	30,000 tpa
	Inert Fill	27,000 tpa
	Composting	0
	Waste transfer	65.500 tpa
	Non-Hazardous Recycling	0
	Anaerobic Digestion	0
	Bio Energy Facility (BEF)	0
2. Total land take (where known) - area (ha) and type	Industrial	2.5
	Landfill	0
	Agriculture	0
	Quarry	0.5
3. Number of applications granted permission within the preferred sites	0	
4. Number of applications refused within the preferred sites	0	
5. Number of applications granted permission outside the preferred sites	0	
6. Number of applications refused outside the preferred sites	0	
7. Total number of waste management facilities located within groundwater source protection zones or major aquifers	0	
8. Number of granted applications with an associated s106 agreement	0	

Table Apx 5.2

2 NB – data in this table refers only to ‘major’ permissions in 2016 (i.e. involving creation or extension of management facilities).

MONITORING AND ENFORCEMENT	2016
1. Number of enforcement notices served in the monitoring year.	0
2. Number of Temporary Stop Notices served.	1
3. Number of Breach of Condition Notices.	0
4. Number of Planning Contravention Notices served.	1

Table Apx 5.3

Appendix 6

Appendix 6

Section 106 Agreements

In this reporting year, there were no section 106 agreements agreed.